TIPOS DE ORACIONES CONDICIONALES

EJERCICIOS
Las oraciones condicionales tratan de establecer una relación entre un hecho y un resultado. Estos hechos podrán estar expresados en presente, pasado o futuro con lo que la estructura de la oración irá cambiando. Hay varios tipos de oraciones condicionales y suelen ir precedidas por IF.

ORACIONES CONDICIONALES TIPO 0
Se utilizan para expresar situaciones generales que siempre son verdad o también para las verdades universales (hechos demostrados de manera científica).
La estructura es la siguiente:
IF+ Sujeto+ PRESENT SIMPLE+ Sujeto+ PRESENT SIMPLE

Ejemplos:
If you mix red and blue you get purple. Si mezclas rojo y azul consigues morado
If you press the button the machine starts to work. Si presionas el botón la máquina empieza a funcionar

ORACIONES CONDICIONALES TIPO I
Se utilizan para expresar situaciones que son probables o posibles en el futuro o presente.
La estructura es la siguiente:
IF+ Sujeto+ PRESENT SIMPLE+ Sujeto+ WILL+ VERBO INFINITIVO

Ejemplos:
If I save up money this year I will go abroad. Si ahorro dinero este año me iré al extranjero
If she studies more she will pass all her exams. Si estudia más aprobará todos sus exámenes
En algunas ocasiones la parte del futuro también puede venir expresada con un verbo modal:
IF+ Sujeto+ PRESENT SIMPLE+ Sujeto+ VERBO MODAL+ INFINITIVO
Ejemplos:
If you want to be a doctor you must study Medicine. *Si quieres ser médico tienes que estudiar medicina*
If you want to be healthy you should give up smoking. *Si quieres estar sano deberías dejar de fumar*

**ORACIONES CONDICIONALES TIPO II**
Se utilizan para expresar situaciones poco probables o situaciones hipotéticas en el presente o futuro.
La estructura es la siguiente:
IF+ Sujeto+ PAST SIMPLE+ Sujeto+ WOULD+ VERBO INFINITIVO

**Ejemplos:**
If I had money I would buy the tickets for the concert. *Si tuviese dinero compraría las entradas para el concierto.*
Dentro de este tipo de oración condicional se utiliza una estructura especial que sirve para aconsejar sin utilizar SHOULD.

**Ejemplos:**
If I were you I wouldn’t talk to Roberto like this. *Si yo fuera tú no hablaría así*
En esta estructura aunque se utilice el pronombre I utilizamos la estructura verbal WERE ya que nos referimos al YOU.

**ORACIONES CONDICIONALES TIPO III**
Se utilizan para expresar situaciones pasadas que no ocurrieron.
La estructura es la siguiente:
IF+ Sujeto+ PAST PERFECT+ Sujeto+ WOULD HAVE+ PARTICIPIO

**Ejemplos:**
If you hadn’t driven so fast we wouldn’t have had the accident. *Si no hubieses conducido tan deprisa no habríamos tenido el accidente.*
If she had arrived early she wouldn’t have missed the meeting. *Si ella hubiese llegado pronto no se habría perdido la reunión.*
EJERCICIOS

1. Conditionals
   a. If I won 1,000 pounds…………………………………………
   b. She would have gone to work……………………………………
   c. If you had caught the bus…………………………………………
   d. If she gets the job…………………………………………………
   e. If she had been told about it she ________(be) at the meeting
   f. If you don’t work harder at school you__________ (get) a job
   g. If I ______(be) you, I wouldn’t tell anyone the secret
   h. If he________(know) about the party he would have come

2. Complete with the correct verbs for making CONDITIONALS:
   a. If I_________(know) you were at home, I___________(call) you (III)
   b. If I_______(have) some money, I____________(buy) that new CD (II)
   c. Jack________(move) to London if he________(find) a good job there (I)
   d. If she______(have) a bike she________(not walk) to school (II)
   e. She_________ (not refuse) if you__________(ask) her nicely (III)

   __________(you/come) wit us if we__________(tell) you about the
   concert?

3. Complete with the correct verbs for conditionals:
   If they (have)………….. time at the weekend, they will come to see us.
   If we sneak out quietly, nobody (notice)………………….
   If we (know)…………….about your problem, we would have helped you.
   If I (be)……………………….you, I would not buy that dress.
   We (arrive) __________earlier if we had not missed the bus.
   If I didn't have a mobile phone, my life (not / be)………………complete.
   Okay, I (get)………………the popcorn if you buy the drinks.
   If I (tell)……………………you a secret, you would be sure to leak it.
   She (go)…………………..out with you if you had only asked her.
I would not have read your diary if you (not hide).............it in such an obvious place.

I will prepare breakfast if I (wake up)..................early.

If they shared a room, they (fight).....................all day long.

If you hate walking in the mountains, you (enjoy / not)..................the tour.

Janet would go jogging if she (have / not)...................to do her homework.

4. Complete with the correct form

a. If I (have)............. enough money, I (go)............on safari to Kenya.
   However, my bank account is empty!

b. I love to travel! When I (have).............enough money, I (go)...............abroad. I do it almost every year.

c. I really wanted to go on safari to Kenya with my friends, but I couldn't afford to go. If I (have)............. enough money, I (go)............. with them.

d. I'm sorry, I didn't know you were allergic to chocolate. If I (know).............
   I (make)............... you a vanilla birthday cake.

e. Stop asking me what Amanda bought you for Christmas. Even if I (know).............
   what she bought you, I (tell, not)...................you.

f. Nobody here speaks English. Too bad Gloria isn't here. If she (be).............with us, she (can)............... act as our interpreter.

g. I am afraid I won't be able to come to your wedding next week because my company is sending me to New York to attend a trade show. I (miss, never)............. your wedding if I (have)............. a choice in the matter.

h. If the weather is nice tomorrow, she (walk)............... along the river to school.

i. If you help me move tomorrow, I (treat)............... you to a dinner and a movie.

j. If I were in Tahiti right now, I (snorkel)............... along a beautiful reef. I wouldn't be stuck here in this office with mountains of paperwork.
k. If Jerry hadn't stopped to pick up that quarter, he (cross)……………… the street when the bus ran the red light. He might have been killed!
l. Tina’s train arrived ahead of schedule. If I hadn't decided to go to the train station early, she (wait)……………. there for more than twenty minutes before I arrived.
m. If I (pass)…………….. test, I (get)……………. an "A" in the class. Instead, I got a "C." I really should have studied more.
n. If I (be)…………… rich, I (buy)……………… that new Mercedes we saw yesterday. Unfortunately, I can't even afford a used car.
o. We (go)…………….. skiing this weekend, but there's no snow. Oh, well! We will just have to find something else to do instead.
p. If Heather spoke Chinese, she (translate)…………… the email for you yesterday.